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## CALIBRACHOA PLANT NAMED 'SUNBELHOPPI'

Botanical/commercial classification:

*Calibrachoa sp./Calibrachoa Plant*

Varietal denomination: cv. 'Sunbelhoppi'

## 5 BACKGROUND OF THE VARIETY

The present invention relates to a new variety of Calibrachoa plant, botanically known as Calibrachoa sp., originated from crossing of a Calibrachoa hybrid variety called 'P5' as the female parent and 'E10' as the male parent.

10 The female parent 'P5' (unpatented) used in the crossing of 'Sunbelhoppi' is a strain of our breeding lines, having an outwardly spreading growth habit with abundant branching. It has small single flowers, the petals having a vivid reddish purple color.

15 The male parent 'E10' (unpatented) used in the crossing of 'Sunbelhoppi' is a strain of our breeding lines, having a spreading growth habit with abundant branching. It has small single flowers, the petals having a light yellowish pink color.

20 In April 1999, crossing of 'P5' as the female parent and 'E10' as the male parent was conducted at Yokaichi-shi, Shiga-ken, Japan. Seedlings were obtained from that crossing and were grown in pots in glasshouses and were evaluated from October 1999. One seedling was selected in view of its growth 25 habit, flower size and color in August 2000. That seedling was propagated by cutting and a trial was carried out by flower potting and bedding from April to November 2001. The botanical characteristics of that plant were then examined, using similar varieties 'Sunbelchichi' (U.S. Plant Patent No. 30 10,355) and 'Sunbelrikupi' (U.S. Plant Patent No. 14,729) for comparison. As a result, it was concluded that this

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Calibrachoa plant is distinguishable from any other variety, whose existence is known to us, and is uniform and stable in its characteristics. Then the new variety of Calibrachoa plant was named 'Sunbelhopi'.

5 In the following description, the color-cording is in accordance with the Horticultural Colour Chart of The Royal Horticultural Society, London, England (R.H.S. Colour Chart).

## SUMMARY OF THE VARIETY

10 This new variety is unlike any Calibrachoa commercially available as evidenced by the following unique combinations of characteristics.

1. Compact and spreading growth habit with abundant branching.

15 2. Having a great profusion of blooms with the entire plant remaining in bloom for a considerable period of time.

3. The flowers are single and small. The petal color is vivid reddish purple (near R.H.S. N74A).

4. The plant has a high resistance to rain, cold, heat and disease.

20 The new variety 'Sunbelhopi' differs from the similar variety 'Sunbelchichi' in the following points.

1. The flower diameter of 'Sunbelhopi' is larger than that of 'Sunbelchichi'.

25 2. The petal color of 'Sunbelhopi' is vivid reddish purple (near R.H.S. N74A) where that of 'Sunbelchichi' is vivid purplish red (near R.H.S. N57A).

3. The apex shape of petal of 'Sunbelhopi' is rounded while that of 'Sunbelchichi' is obtuse.

30 The new variety 'Sunbelhopi' differs from the similar variety 'Sunbelrikupi' in the following points.

1. The growth habit of 'Sunbelhopi' is spreading while that of 'Sunbelrikupi' is decumbent.

2. The plant height of 'Sunbelhopi' is higher than that

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of 'Sunbelrikupi'.

3. The leaf of 'Sunbelhopi' is longer than that of 'Sunbelrikupi'.

4. The apex shape of petal of 'Sunbelhopi' is rounded  
5 while that of 'Sunbelrikupi' is obtuse.

The new variety of Calibrachoa plant 'Sunbelhopi' was  
asexually reproduced by the use of cuttings at Yokaichi-shi,  
Shiga-ken, Japan, and the homogeneity and stability thereof  
were confirmed. The instant plant retains its distinctive  
10 characteristics and reproduces true to type in successive  
generations.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

The depicted plants had been reproduced by the use of  
cuttings and were photographed during August 2001 while  
15 growing outdoors in 18 cm pots at an age of approximately 7  
months at Yokaichi-shi, Shiga, Japan.

FIG. 1 illustrates a typical plant of the new variety of  
Calibrachoa plant 'Sunbelhopi' growing in a pot.

FIG. 2 is a close view of typical blossoms of the new  
20 variety of Calibrachoa plant 'Sunbelhopi'.

#### DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY

The botanical characteristics of the new and distinct  
variety of Calibrachoa plant named 'Sunbelhopi' are as follows  
when observed during December at Yokaichi-shi, Shiga-ken,  
25 Japan, at an age of approximately 11 months.

##### Plant:

Growth habit. - Spreading.

Plant height. - Approximately 25.5 cm.

Spreading area of plant. - Approximately 40.5 cm.

30 Blooming period. - April to late October in the southern  
Kanto area, Japan. The plant shape does not change throughout

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this period.

5 Stem:

Length. - Approximately 13.7 cm.

Thickness. - Approximately 2.0 mm.

5 Pubescence. - Normal.

Branching. - Abundant branching, especially secondary branches.

Internode length. - Approximately 1.3 cm.

Color. - Near R.H.S. 177B (grayish reddish brown).

10 Leaf:

Whole shape. -Elliptic. The apex shape is acute, and the base shape is attenuate.

Length. - Approximately 4.8 cm.

Width. - Approximately 1.6 cm.

15 Color. - Upper side color is near R.H.S. 144A (strong yellow green), lower side color is near R.H.S. 146B (moderate yellow green).

Thickness. - Approximately 0.3 mm.

Pubescence. - Sparse.

20 Flower:

Facing direction. - Slanted upward.

Type. - Single.

Shape. - Funnel-shaped, with five-fissures.

Shape of petal tip. - Rounded.

25 Lobation. - Shallow.

Waviness of petal. - Weak.

Diameter. - Approximately 4.0 cm.

Depth. - Approximately 2.5 cm.

Tube length. - Approximately 2.0 cm.

30 Throat diameter. - Distal end - approximately 1.0 cm.

Tube diameter. - Proximal end - approximately 2.0 mm.

Color. - Petal; near R.H.S. N74A (vivid reddish purple).

Inside color of the corolla tube is near R.H.S. 9A (vivid

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yellow). Outside color of the corolla throat is near R.H.S.5C (brilliant greenish yellow) with venation near R.H.S. 200B (dark grayish reddish brown).

## Petals:

- 5      Width. - Approximately 1.7 cm.  
Length from throat. - Approximately 1.2 cm.  
Shape - Very broadly obovate.  
Margin. - Entire.  
Texture. - Smooth.
- 10     Color. - Lower surface, near R.H.S. N74B with near R.H.S. N77A venation.

## Buds:

- 15     Shape. - Cylindrical  
Length. - Approximately 2.0 cm  
Diameter. - Approximately 5.0 mm  
Color. - Towards apex, Near R.H.S. 70B; base, near R.H.S. 145C; Venation, near R.H.S. N77A  
Reproductive organs. - 1 normal pistil and 5 normal stamens. The stigma is club-shaped and near R.H.S. N144D (light yellow green) in coloration. The style is approximately 4.7 mm in length and near R.H.S. 145B (brilliant yellow green) in coloration. The ovary is near R.H.S. N144D (light yellow green) in coloration. The stamens commonly are of variable length from approximately 4.7 to 7.4 mm. Pollen 20 is formed in a quantity that is typical of Calibrachoa and is near R.H.S.21A (vivid orange yellow) in coloration.

- 25     Fertility. - Fertile, but self-incompatible.  
Peduncle. - Approximately 0.6 mm in diameter and approximately 1.6 cm in length. The texture is smooth.

- 30     Color. - near R.H.S. 144B

Calyx. - Narrow. 5 sepals in fused at the base.

## Sepals:

Shape. - Narrow elliptic.

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Apex shape. - Obtuse.

Base. - Fused.

Margin. - Entire

Length. - approximately 1.8 cm.

5 Width. - Approximately 3.5 mm.

Color. - Upper surface - near R.H.S. 137B; lower surface  
- near R.H.S. 137C

10 Seeds. - Near R.H.S. N186A (strong red) in coloration,  
approximately 0.6 mm in diameter, and generally round. The  
quantity is typical of Calibrachoa.

Physiological and ecological characteristics:

High resistance to cold, heat, rain and disease, such as  
Powdery mildew. The resistance to heat and rain is very  
strong.

15 This new variety of Calibrachoa plant is most suitable  
for flower bedding and potting, particularly in hanging pots  
or planters. Pinching of old blossoms will enhance the  
formation of new blossoms.